MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2015

Derma Water works Public Water Supply N	015
Public Water Supply N	ame
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sys	tems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commun Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Dependent of the CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures mail a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all	nity public water system to develop and distribute a ending on the population served by the public water in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach of	copy of publication, water bill or other)
Advertisement in local paper (attach copy on water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message) Other	to the address below)
Date(s) customers were informed:/,/	/ /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other dire methods used	ct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed: 5 /11 /2016	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email messa	
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published)	~
Name of Newspaper: Calhoun County Journa	
Date Published: 5 /11 /2016	_
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Derma Town Hall Date Posted: 5/12/2016
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the fol	lowing address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
CERTIFICATIVON	
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2015 Consumer Confidence Report (CCF public water system in the form and manner identified above an the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this the water quality monitoring data provided to the public wat Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.	d that I used distribution methods allowed by CCR is true and correct and is consistent with
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	5-12-2016 Date
Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:	May be faxed to:
Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	(601)576-7800
Jackson, MS 39215	May be emailed to:
CCR Due to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2016!	water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Derma Waterworks PWS#:0070006 April 2016

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Gordo Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Derma Waterworks have received lower to moderate rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Dock H. Gabbert at 662.628.6635. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of the month at 6:00 PM at the Town Board Room located at 120 S. Main Street, Derma, MS.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2015. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2015, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10.000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10.000.000.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contami	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2014*	2.8	2.3 – 2.8	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; rund from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste

10. Barium	N	2014*	.1359	.13251359	ppm		2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2014*	7.2	3.8 – 7.2	ppb		100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14*	.2	0	ppm		1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2014*	.246	.245246	ppm		4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14*	5	0	ppb		0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2014*	10.1	7.3 – 10.1	ppb		50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfectio	n By-	Products							
Chlorine	N	2015 .9	0	.4 – 1.2	mg/l	0	MRDI		ater additive used to control icrobes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2015.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our water system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 10. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 92%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Derma Waterworks works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Note: This report will only be published in the local paper.

Proof Of Publication

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI. COUNTY OF CALHOUN

Personally came before me, the undersigned. a Notary Public, in and for Calhoun County, Mississippi, Joel McNeece, Publisher of The Calhoun County Journal, a newspaper published in Bruce, Calhoun County, in said state, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that The Calhoun County Journal is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in Senate Bill No. 203 enacted at the regular session of the Mississippi Legislature of 1948, amending Section 1858 of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and the publication of a notice, of which annexed copy, in the matter of

PUBLISHING CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT-DERMA WATERWORKS

has been made in said newspaper one time, towit:

On the 11 day of MAY 2016

McThece Publisher

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 11 day

Lisa Denley McNeece, Notary Public

My commission expires March 28, 2018



Derma Waterworks Drinking Water Quality Report

				TEST RESU	1113			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Oate Collected	Level Delected	Ronge of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCUACL/MRDL	Unit Messure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Eikely Source of Contamination
laorganic (Contam	luants						
8. Arsenio	N	2014	2.8	23-28	bbp	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposite; runc from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production man
10. Berlum	N	2014"	.1359	1325 - 1359	ppm	2	1	Discharge of drawing westers; discharge from metal refraction; problem of mitural segments.
13. Chromitim	N	2014*	7.2	3.6 - 7.2	peti	160	100	Discharge from steel and puts make, streeted of pateral describe
14. Copper	H	2012/14*	3	0	ppm	1.4	AL-13	Corriction of Inguisariots painting systems, endeting of natical separate: leak-bing from sends productions
18. Pkvaride	H	2014	,246	246 - 246	telect	•	•	Receive of natural deceasing well- schooling which promises alreing leath, glocharge from laminous and abstraction (actions)
17. Lond	N	2012/14	6	0	CAP4	6	AL#14	Compains of household pastwick systems, exactor of righted theposite
21. Selonkum	N	2014	10.1	7.3 10.1	ppb	50	. 50	Disoferge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposes; discharge from minds

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SAVE THIS >> GROSS DUE >>	GRB NET DUE >>>	WTR SEW		CHARGE FOR SEA	3072630 3065230	ACCOUNT NO SERVICE IN 010172000 04/20 SERVICE ADDRESS 147 UNDERWOOD DR MATER READING CURRENT PREVIOUS
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, MS 38916-1461	Ä	RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED	2015 CCR REPORT AVALIABLE FOR PICKUP AT CITY HALL	12.89	06/10/2016	AYMENTIO: RKS 39
61		Ü		98.84	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE	PRESORTED FRATCLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAIT PERMIT NO S DERMA MS